

Priya
Jaswal



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Word limit

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The effects of Persian invasion in Indian culture supercedes the Mesedonian invasion

→ We have studied about various invasion in India. Which directly tells us that India was the country with enriched resources (Sona ki chidiya). Persian invasion and Mesedonian invasions was one of them.

The Persian invasion supercedes the Mesedonian invasion. Persians under the emperor Cyrus invaded the North western India in 6th C B.C and it became part of his empire. Though the Persian control over the Indian territories was short lived but it had intense impact on economy and cultural aspect of India. The impact of Persian invasion on Indian culture are:

→ Kharoshti script which was used in ancient India and even used by Ashoka in some of his inscriptions was brought through Persian invasion.

The art and architecture of Persia also influenced the Indian art and architecture - like Sarnath.



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The rock inscriptions of Persians served as model for Ashoka's inscriptions. The edicts was inspired by Iranian culture. Idea of monolithic Pillars whereas we did not see any impact of Macedonian invasion on India.

- These invasion has give uniqueness to Indian culture and to India (Nation) like Sarnath is our National Emblem now. which was inspired by Iranian invasion. and many edicts present on cliff states of India.

- Priya, MZ
discuss the Answer to the
- Ans. not up to mark